ABN: 36 657 982 648

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

NETBALL WA (INC) ABN: 36 657 982 648

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The Board presents this report to the members of Netball WA (Inc) for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

Netball WA (Inc) (The Association) is the governing body for netball in Western Australia and is also responsible for the operation of West Coast Fever Netball Club, who compete in the Australia's premier elite netball competition, the Suncorp Super Netball competition.

The Association's vision is: "To be the sport of Choice in Western Australia" and this is reflected as part of its strategic plan.

Netball is the highest female participation sport in Western Australia and is played in every major city and town right across Western Australia. From grassroots to the elite level, the Association has a holistic approach to the growth and development of the sport of netball.

The development of grassroots netball is integral to the future success of West Coast Fever and Netball WA (Inc) plays a key role in providing a pathway for athletes from the grassroots to elite netball right across the State.

Operating result

The Association's deficit for the financial year ending 31 December 2022 was \$74,444 which is an improvement on the deficit recorded in the previous financial year of \$169,103.

Review of operations

In the opinion of the Directors, a review of the Association's operations during the period, and the results of those operations, the Association's operations continued to be impacted by the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the \$74,444 deficit was lower than that budgeted of \$283,628.

Although budgeted in FY 2022, the Department of local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries grant funding of \$430,000 was received post year end. In accordance with AASB 1058, this revenue will not be recognised until FY2023. Despite this significant reduction in income, other areas of the business benefited from significant unbudgeted revenue gains and, together with cost mitigation strategies, reduced the financial impact of reduction in grant income recorded in 2022.

It is also important to note the changes to the structure of the Association which saw the amalgamation of West Coast Fever Netball Club Limited into Netball WA (Inc). It is particularly relevant to consider this significant change to the business as it does explain variances in the year-on-year reporting included in this Annual Financial Report.

Registered office and principal place of business

200 Selby Street Jolimont WA 6014

Banker Westpac 130 Rokeby Road Subiaco WA 6008

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Auditor

PKF Perth Level 5, 35 Havelock Street West Perth WA 6005

PKF Perth continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this director's report.

After reporting date events

There are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Association, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Association in future financial years.

Likely developments in the operations of the Association, and the expected results of those operations in future financial years, have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Association.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of Netball WA (Inc) during the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

		BOARD MEETINGS	
		TOTAL	NUMBER OF
		NUMBER OF	MEETINGS
		MEETINGS	ATTENDED
C Heatley (President)		14	14
N Aristei		14	12
B Grylls		14	12
D Sawka		14	13
J Jashari		14	13
P Robinson		14	14
L Wynne	(Appointed 12 May 2022)	9	9
S Miller	(Appointed 4 Sept 2022)	3	3

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

12 April 2023

Craig Heatley President

12 April 2023

Jacqueline Jashari Director



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

TO THE BOARD OF NETBALL WA (INC)

In relation to our audit of the financial report of Netball WA (Inc) for the year ended 31 December 2022, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standard Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants or any other code of professional conduct.

PKF Perth **PKF PERTH**

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SIMON FERMANIS PARTNER

12 April 2023 West Perth, Western Australia

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
		Ψ	Ψ
Revenues from operating activities			
Grants		1,430,515	414,090
Membership		3,366,735	2,668,513
Participation		1,424,113	1,374,936
Sponsorship		3,820,765	2,585,379
Ticket sales		644,597	46,638
Interest		13,562	247
Other revenue		2,389,619	2,153,282
Gain on transfer of West Coast Fever net assets	10	-	426,120
Total revenue		13,089,906	9,669,205
Expenditure relating to operations		- (- 10 - 00
Administration		747,666	746,799
Depreciation and amortisation		100,766	94,681
Employee benefits		6,624,555	5,057,209
Finance expenses		30,628	47,623
Impairment losses		24,665	16,708
Occupancy expenses		38,398	32,777
Catering and hospitality		823,605	290,532
Program materials and equipment Travel		615,640	580,127
		496,489	211,472
Other expenses		3,661,938	2,760,380
Total expenditure		13,164,350	9,838,308
Surplus/(deficit) from operations before income tax		(74,444)	(169,103)
Income tax			
Net surplus/(deficit) from operations		(74,444)	(169,103)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year net of tax			
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		(74,444)	(169,103)

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying note

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
		Φ	Φ
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	3,127,501	2,139,043
Inventories	-	137,391	52,613
Prepayments	3	241,244	232,636
Other current assets	C	35,499	35,499
Trade and other receivables	4	481,312	1,959,707
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		4,022,947	4,419,498
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Right-of-use asset	5	726,058	781,846
Property, plant and equipment	6	153,308	103,520
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		879,366	885,366
TOTAL ASSETS		4,902,313	5,304,864
		, , ,	,
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	7	518,775	705,246
Income received in advance	8	848,350	908,087
Provisions	9	354,113	410,706
Lease liability		5,315	15,392
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,726,533	2,039,431
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Income received in advance	8	64,968	66,955
Provisions	9	19,699	27,704
Lease liability		620,494	625,711
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		705,161	720,370
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,431,694	2,759,801
NET ASSETS		2,470,619	2,545,063
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		2,470,619	2,545,063
TOTAL EQUITY		2,470,619	2,545,063

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from grants and sponsors		3,499,771	2,146,007
Receipts from members		5,093,028	4,112,991
Receipts from other activities		5,251,814	1,801,453
Payments to suppliers and employees		(12,766,194)	(9,280,506)
Interest received		13,562	-
Net cash flows from/(to) operating activities	11	1,091,981	(1,220,055)
Cash flows from investment activities			
Purchase of assets		(96,239)	(50,641)
Proceeds on disposal of assets		38,636	-
Net cash flows (to)/from investing activities		(57,603)	(50,641)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Repayment of leasing		(45,920)	(45,852)
Net cash flows to financing activities		(45,920)	(45,852)
Net increase/(decrease) for the year		988,458	(1,316,548)
Cash at the beginning of the year		2,139,043	3,455,591
Cash at the end of the year	2	3,127,501	2,139,043

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Retained Earnings	Total equity
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January 2021	2,714,166	2,714,166
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(169,103)	(169,103)
Other comprehensive loss for the year net of tax		
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(169,103)	(169,103)
Balance at 31 December 2021	2,545,063	2,545,063
Balance at 1 January 2022	2,545,063	2,545,063
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(74,444)	(74,444)
Other comprehensive loss for the year net of tax		
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(74,444)	(74,444)
Balance at 31 December 2022	2,470,619	2,470,619

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

These special purpose financial statements have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Associations Incorporation Act 2015 (WA), and associated regulations. The Directors have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of Netball WA (Inc).

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The Directors have determined that the organisation is not a reporting entity.

All amounts within the financial statements are presented in Australian dollars and rounded to the nearest dollar.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements specified by the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements', AASB 107 'Statement of Cash Flows', AASB 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', AASB 1048 'Interpretation of Standards' and AASB 1054 'Australian Additional Disclosures', as appropriate for not-for-profit oriented entities.

The financial report has been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting, including the historical cost convention and the going concern assumption.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of Directors on 3 April 2023.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Association has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australia Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. There has been no financial reporting impact on the adoption of these.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Association for the annual reporting period ended 31 December 2022, with the exception of those noted above. The Association has not assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other various factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are:

Employee benefits provision

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The Association determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience, historical collection rates, the impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and forward-looking information that is available. The allowance for expected credit losses is calculated based on the information available at the time of preparation. The actual credit losses in future years may be higher or lower.

Lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the Association's operations; comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates; incurrence of significant penalties; existence of significant leasehold improvements; and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The Association reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the Association estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Income tax

Netball WA (Inc) is a not-for-profit organisation for the purposes of Australian taxation legislation and is therefore exempt from Income Tax. This exemption has been confirmed by the Australian Taxation Office.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except where the amount of GST is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, in which case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense.

Receivables and payables are recognised inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from or payable to the Australian Taxation Office is included as part of receivables or payables.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with stakeholders (includes sponsors and members)

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Association is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a stakeholder. For each contract with a stakeholder, the Association: identifies the contract with a stakeholder; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price (which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money); allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

Grants

Grant revenue is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the Association obtains control of the grant; it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the Association; and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably.

If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before it is eligible to receive the contribution, the recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

When grant revenue is received whereby the Association incurs an obligation to deliver economic value directly back to the contributor, the grant revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered to the contributor, otherwise the grant is recognised as income on receipt.

Fees

Fees revenue is recognised when the service is provided.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods comprises income earned from the sale of goods purchased for resale. Revenue is recognised when the control of goods passes to customers. Events, fundraising and raffles income is recognised when received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Non-current asset sales

Revenue from the gain or loss on disposal of non-current assets is determined as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset at the time of the disposal and the net proceeds received on disposal.

Donations

Donations are recognised when received.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate (which is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset).

In-kind sponsorships

In-kind sponsorship revenue is recognised, based on invoices and other documentation, once the service is received.

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Volunteer services

The Association has elected not to recognise volunteer services as either revenue or other form of contribution received. As such, any related consumption or capitalisation of such resources received is also not recognised.

Revenue recognition

Judgement is exercised when recognising revenue. Revenue is recognised under AASB 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers or AASB 1058 – Income of Not-for-Profit Entities, based on the specificity of the performance obligations agreed in the signed agreements.

Expenditure

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to a particular category, they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with use of the resources.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables comprised of amounts due from sales of merchandise (less any impairments), memberships, grants, and sponsorship, are recognised and carried at original invoice amount. Trade and other receivables are recognised at cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses. The expected credit losses were 2022: \$24,665 (2021: \$16,708).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower or cost and net realisable value, less any allowance for expected losses due to obsolete stock. The expected losses were 2022: \$9,220 (2021: \$1,688).

Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item over their expected useful life as follows:

Motor vehicles	3-5 years (or less depending on the age of the vehicle)
Furniture, fittings and equipment	3 – 8 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal when the item is no longer used in the operations of the Association or when there is no future economic benefit to the Association.

Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The valuein-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Association's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the Association's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Association expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Association has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to statement of profit or loss as incurred.

The Association leases an office for a maximum term of 21 years inclusive of options to extend.

Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Association's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; or certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to statement of profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

Trade and other payables

Trade payables and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Association prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid. These amounts are usually settled in 30 days. The carrying amount of the creditors and payables is deemed to reflect fair value.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Income received in advance (contract liabilities)

Income received in advance (contract liabilities) represent the Association's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer and are recognised when a customer pays consideration, or when the Association recognises a receivable to reflect its unconditional right to consideration (whichever is earlier) before the Association has transferred the goods or services to the customer.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

		2022 ¢	2021
		\$	\$
2.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash at bank	2,108,470	2,127,078
	Cash on deposit	1,009,493	-
	Cash on hand	9,538	11,965
	Total cash and cash equivalents *	3,127,501	2,139,043
	*Cash at bank includes \$1,064,550 which was transferred to Netball WA (Inc) from West Coast Fever Netball Club Limited on 2 February 2022.		
3.	Prepayments		
	Rent	4,165	3,117
	Subscriptions	87,316	100,519
	Insurance Other proportion	98,258 51,505	83,357 45,643
	Other prepayments Total prepayments	<u>51,505</u> 241,244	232,636
	iotal propaymento		202,000
4.	Trade and other receivables		
	Sundry debtors	477,556	1,837,774
	Other receivables	-	97,004
	GST receivables	3,755	24,929
	Total trade and other receivables	481,312	1,959,707
5.	Right-of-use asset		
	Building	926,525	926,525
	Less: amortisation	(200,467)	(144,679)
	Total right-of-use asset	726,058	781,846
6.	Property, plant and equipment		
	Motor vehicles at cost	246,393	206,190
	Less: motor vehicles accumulated depreciation	(125,359)	(146,594)
	Total motor vehicles	121,034	59,596
	Plant and equipment at cost	350,632	350,632
	Less: plant and equipment accumulated depreciation	(318,358)	(306,708)
	Total plant and equipment	32,274	43,924
	Total menority plant and activity and	450.000	400 500
	Total property, plant and equipment	153,308	103,520

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

6. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Movements in carrying amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current year.

	Balance at 1/1/2021	Motor Vehicles 35,418	Plant & Equipment 58,874	Total \$ 94,292
	Additions	50,641	-	50,641
	Disposals Depreciation	- (26,463)	- (14,950)	- (41,413)
	Balance at 31/12/2021	59,596	43,924	103,520
	Additions	96,239	-	96,239
	Disposals	(1,473)	-	(1,473)
	Depreciation	(33,328)	(11,650)	(44,978)
	Balance at 31/12/2022	121,034	32,274	153,308
			0000	0004
			2022 \$	2021 ۲
7.	Trade and other payables		Φ	\$
1.	Trade creditors	3	05,845	495,528
	Other payables		12,910	209,718
	GST payable	_	-	
	Total payables	5	18,755	705,246
				<u> </u>
8.	Income received in advance			
	Grants		-	20,000
	Sponsorship		30,000	360,829
	Membership and participation	7	84,569	482,388
	Other income received in advance		98,749	111,825
	Total income in advance	9	13,318	975,042
	Income received in advance - current	8	48,350	908,087
	Income received in advance - non-current		64,968	66,955
	Total income in advance	9	13,318	975,042
9.	Provisions			
Э.	Employee benefits - current	2	45,633	402,226
	Other provisions - current	5	45,655 8,480	402,220 8,480
	Employee benefits - non-current		19,699	27,704
	Total provisions		73,812	438,410
			10,012	-00,+10

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

10.	Transfer of entity information Reconciliation of assets and liabilities transferred from West Coast Fever Netball Club Limited at 31 December 2021 resulting in loss on transfer of entity	2022 \$	2021 \$
	Cash and cash equivalent (1)	-	1,064,550
	Accounts receivable	-	117,612
	Sundry debtors	-	25,000
	Trade creditors	-	(28,463)
	Employee provisions	-	(93,631)
	Income received in advance	-	(658,948)
	Net gain on transfer of entity	-	426,120

(1) Cash is recorded as sundry debtors on 31 December 2021 on Netball WA Inc. Balance was received on 2 February 2022.

11. Cash flows information

. Cash flows information		
(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in		
statement of cash flows is reconciled to related items in	the	
statement of financial position as follows:		
Cash on hand	9,538	11,965
Cash at bank	2,108,470	2,127,078
Cash on deposit	1,009,493	
	3,127,501	2,139,043
(b) Reconciliation of surplus/(loss) from ordinary activit	ies	
to net cash from operating activities		
(Loss)/surplus from ordinary activities	(74,444)	(169,103)
Adjustments for non-cash flows in surplus/(loss) from:		
Depreciation and amortisation	100,766	94,681
Impairment losses	24,665	18,396
(Gain)/loss on disposal of assets	(37,165)	-
Gain on transfer of West Coast Fever net assets	-	(426,120)
Interest expense	30,628	48,792
Interest income	-	(247)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	1,462,950	(418,459)
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	(8,608)	(50,977)
(Increase)/decrease in inventory	(93,998)	(17,007)
(Decrease)/increase in payables	(186,491)	56,196
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	(64,598)	48,879
(Decrease)/increase in income in advance	(61,724)	(405,086)
Net cash provided by/(used by) operating activities	1,091,981	(1,220,055)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

12. Contingencies

There are no known contingencies at reporting date.

13. Subsequent events

There are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Association, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Association in future financial years.

Likely developments in the operations of the Association, and the expected results of those operations in future financial years, have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Association.

14. Auditor's remuneration

During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, the auditor PKF Perth earned the following remuneration: 2022: \$45,000 (2021: \$25,000). The variation results from the merger of West Coast Fever Netball Club Limited into Netball WA (Inc).

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DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

For the Year Ended 31 December 2022

In the Directors' opinion:

- The Association is not a reporting entity.
- This special purpose financial report is prepared in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.
- The Financial Statements and Notes presents fairly the Association's financial position as at 31 December 2022 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.
- There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Association will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

12 April 2023

Craig Heatley President

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12 April 2023

Jacqueline Jashari Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE BOARD OF NETBALL WA (INC)

Report on the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the special purpose financial report of Netball WA (Inc). ("the Association"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the income statement, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Director's Declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying special purpose financial report presents fairly in all material respects the Association's financial position as at 31 December 2022 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with note 1 to the special purpose financial report and the Western Australia Associations Incorporation Act 2015.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We have provided the Board with a signed copy of our independence declaration.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Board of Management's financial reporting responsibilities under the Associations Incorporation Act 2015. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

Other information is financial and non-financial information in the annual report of the Association which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The directors are responsible for Other Information in the annual report.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the Director's report. Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, the auditor does not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information in the Financial Report and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Board for the Financial Report

The Board of Management of the Association is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that presents fairly and has determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial report is appropriated to meet the requirements of the Associations Incorporation act 2015 and the needs of the members.

The Board of Management's responsibility also includes such internal control as the Board of Management determines necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that presents fairly and it is free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Board is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

PKF Perth **PKF PERTH**

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SIMON FERMANIS PARTNER

12 April 2023 West Perth, Western Australia